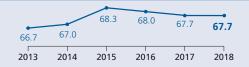
KEY INDICATORS



LABOUR FORCE

Labour force participation rate (Aged 15 & over)

Labour force participation rate holds steady in recent years





UNEMPLOYMENT

Unemployment rate of resident PMETs and non-PMETs

Broad-based moderation in unemployment rate for PMETs and non-PMETs



Long-term unemployment rate of resident PMETs and non-PMETs Per Cent

Long-term unemployment rate among PMETs rose

N PM	on- IETs 0.7	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.8
PM	IETs 0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018



PERSONS OUTSIDE THE LABOUR FORCE

Incidence of residents discouraged from seeking work (As a percentage of labour force + discouraged)

Per Cent

Incidence of discouraged workers stayed low

0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
2012	014	2015	2016	2017	2010
2013 2	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018

Incidence of potential entrants into the labour force (As a percentage of those outside the labour force)

Per Cent

Pool of potential entrants edged up in 2018



EMPLOYMENT

Employment rate (Aged 25 to 64)

Employment rate remained high



Median gross monthly income from work (including employer CPF contributions) of full-time employed residents

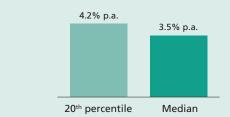
Level (\$)

Median income continued to grow in the recent five years



Annualised change in real gross monthly income from work (including employer CPF contributions) of full–time employed residents, 2013 to 2018

Lower-income earners experienced faster income growth than the median worker, narrowing their income gap



Time-related under-employment rate
Per Cent

Time-related under-employment rate rose, but not because more part-timers could not find a full-time job



Average usual hours worked per week Hours

Continued downtrend in mean usual hours worked



Data pertain to residents and are for June periods, unless otherwise stated

PROFILE

Q LABOUR FORCE

